

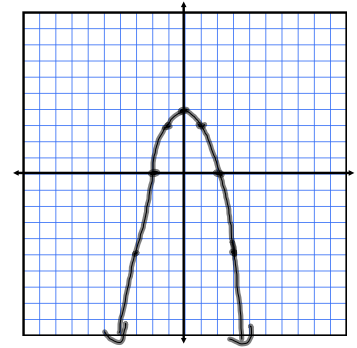
Calculus AB

P-1

Graphs and Models

Sketch the graph of the equation by point plotting. (or not) (pg 8)

7) $4 - x^2$



In exercises 19-28, find any intercepts.

How do you find x - intercepts? Put zero in for y
Calc → Zeros
How do you find y - intercepts? Put zero for x
Trace → zero

22) $y^2 = x^3 - 4x$

x-ints

$$0 = x^3 - 4x$$

$$0 = x(x^2 - 4)$$

$$0 = x(x+2)(x-2)$$

$\{0, \pm 2\}$

y-int

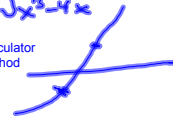
(0,0)

$$y^2 = 0 - 4(0)$$

$$y_1 = \sqrt{x^3 - 4x}$$

$$y_2 = -\sqrt{x^3 - 4x}$$

Calculator Method



In exercises 29-40, test for symmetry with respect to each axis and to the origin.

Odd function - Origin Symmetry

Even function - y-axis Symmetry

34) $xy^2 = -10$

$$y^2 = -\frac{10}{x}$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{10}{x}}$$

x-axis



In exercises 41-58, sketch the graph of the equation. Identify any intercepts and test for symmetry.

52) $y = \sqrt{25 - x^2}$

x-int: $\{\pm 5\}$

y-int: (0,5)

y-axis



In exercises 63-70, find the points of intersection of the graphs of the equations.

66) $x = 3 - y^2$
 $y = x - 1$

$$x = 3 - (x-1)^2$$

$$x = 3 - (x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

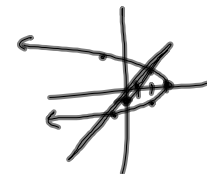
$$x = 3 - x^2 + 2x - 1$$

$$x^2 - x - 2 = 0$$

$$(x+2)(x-2) = 0$$

(2, 1)

(-1, -2)



7th ed 77) The table shows the consumer price index (CPI) for selected

Year	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
CPI	38.8	53.8	82.4	107.6	130.7	152.4	168.7

- a) Use the regression capabilities of a graphing calculator to find a mathematical model of the form $y = at^2 + bt + c$ for the data. In the model, y represents the consumer price index, and t represents the year, with $t = 0$ corresponding to 1970
- b) Graph the model and compare the data with the model.
- c) Use the model to predict the CPI for the year 2004.

Assignment:

Pg. 8

1-14 all

17-57 odd,

63 - 73 odd,

~~75, 76, 78~~

→ do
up to
40

For problems 5 - 14, make quick, rough sketches using graph identification with the given transformation.